
平成30年度 第2回

桐蔭学園 高等学校 学力検査問題

英 語

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注意事項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 机の上には、鉛筆・消しゴム・受験票・座席券・時計以外のものを置いてはいけません。受験生どうしの貸し借りもできません。また、机の中には、自分のマークシート冊子以外、何も入れてはいけません。
3. 携帯電話は、必ず電源を切って、かばんの中に入れておいてください。
4. 問題冊子の印刷が見えづらかったり、ページが不足したりしている場合、また、鉛筆を落としたり、体の調子が悪くなったりした時は、だまって手をあげてください。
5. 問題冊子の余白などは、自由に利用してかまいませんが、どのページも切りはなしてはいけません。
6. 問題は11ページまであります。
7. 問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

Ⅰ 次の英文を読んで、後の設問に答えなさい。なお、*のついている語(句)には本文の最後に注があります。

Once upon a time, a hundred cherry trees were presented by the local government to a certain village. The village leader saw the gift and said, “Oh, what a lot of bother! Does anyone want to plant these cherry trees?” A village group volunteered to plant them on an empty land. However, the trees were not given any care after planting, so that several years later, only eight of the hundred trees remained. What a waste of a good gift!

(1)This story shows two Japanese words that both begin with M and it is surprising that they are connected. The first is “mendokusai,” and it could be translated as “What a bother,” “【 2 】,” or “I don’t feel like doing this.” The second word is “mottainai.” In this case it means “【 3 】” or “It was no good.” This is the feeling we get when we find something good is thrown away. So, in our story, the leader said “mendokusai” and as a result, 【 4 】. This happens a lot in life. As soon as we think a life event is too much trouble, we will lose interest and cannot see its potential*. In the case of the cherry trees, although other villages spent time and effort to plant the trees and take care of them, this village ended up with a piece of land with a few short trees. All because one person in the village thought it would be too much trouble.

This is a true story that happened in our village. Actually, the gift trees were not the lovely Somei Yoshino known in famous photos of Japan, but another variety (may be Formosan cherry*). Perhaps someone in the local government also thought it would be too much trouble to get the “popular” type of tree, so they chose the “less” type. This influenced the leader’s feelings of (A).

I don’t like the word “(B)” because, as in this story, it very often

leads to “(C)”–something being wasted. We need to be very careful of seeing anything in our lives as “too much trouble.” How do we know, until we do it, what the result will be? The act of taking trouble can produce a good result.

Take a lesson from the cherry trees. Even though they were the wrong variety, the remaining eight trees bloom to the best of their ability. (5)They don't think “It's too much trouble.” So live a happy and positive life, don't think of things as bad, and your life will never be wasted.

(Adapted from *Mainichi Weekly*)

注: potential 潜在的可能性 Fomosan cherry カンヒザクラ

問1 下線部(1)の内容として最も適当なものを①～④より一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① The village leader didn't want to receive the trees, and they did not grow well.
- ② The village leader welcomed the gift of the trees, and they grew well.
- ③ The village leader wanted to receive the trees, but the village people didn't.
- ④ The village leader was not glad to get the trees, but the village people took good care of them.

問2 本文の空所【 2 】～【 4 】に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ①～⑥より一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。なお、文頭に
来る単語も小文字にしてあります。

- ① what a waste
- ② what's the matter
- ③ the cherry trees became “mottainai”
- ④ what a pity
- ⑤ the empty land became “mottainai”
- ⑥ it's too much trouble

問3 本文の空所(A)(B)(C)に入る最も適当な組み合わせを①～④より
一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① (A) mottainai (B) mendokusai (C) mottainai
- ② (A) mendokusai (B) mendokusai (C) mottainai
- ③ (A) mendokusai (B) mottainai (C) mendokusai
- ④ (A) mottainai (B) mottainai (C) mendokusai

問4 下線部(5)は何を指していますか。最も適当なものを①～④より一つ
選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 桜の木
- ② 村の住人
- ③ 村の役人
- ④ 読者

問5 本文の内容と一致するものを次の①～⑥の中から二つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① The local government gave the village a hundred cherry trees.
- ② Two Japanese words “mendokusai” and “mottainai” are not connected.
- ③ As other villages made an effort to take care of the trees, they grew well.
- ④ If we take trouble, we can get a chance to get a good result.
- ⑤ This story about “mendokusai” and “mottainai” in this village is not real.
- ⑥ The eight Somei Yoshino trees were taken care of by the local government.

Ⅱ 次の英文を読んで、後の設問に答えなさい。なお、*のついている語(句)には本文の最後に注があります。

There are two things that Mrs. Roy Hodge doesn't like about her new job: if she's not careful, she gets her clothes dirty*; and sometimes, when she's twenty-five hundred miles away from home in a huge truck, she wishes to stop to visit a beauty shop.

But (1)Mrs. Hodge is a happy worker. When her husband walks out of their home in Arkansas*, and starts out for California, she doesn't have to say goodbye. She climbs up in the seat beside him and they go off together.

In this way, hundreds of wives of long-distance truck drivers team up with their husbands these days. Like the Hodges, the couples share the driving, receive two salaries*, and most long-distance truck drivers and their wives don't have to feel lonely.

No one knows exactly how many of these husband-and-wife teams there are, but at certain big truck stops, eighty to a hundred of them are seen a week, and (2)the number is growing.

"We think it works out fine," says the president of a deliver* service company. Seven years ago, he did not have any man-and-wife teams. Now fifty of them are working on his company's 650 trucks. 【 A 】

"People often ask me whether women can drive trucks," he says. "Most of our women drivers are just as good as men, and some are better. These new trucks aren't so hard to drive. Most of our women drivers are between thirty-eight and fifty-eight years old. Their children are grown up or in college, so they can get away from home easily."

Mr. and Mrs. Hodge were married a year ago, and have no children. Their truck was packed with more than thirty thousand pounds of refrigerated* chicken parts; they were taking them from Alabama to California. 【 B 】

(3)“I won’t team up with any man,” Mr. Hodge said, while his wife fixed her hair in front of the huge side-view mirror of their truck. “Driving with another man is like being married to him. If you don’t get along well, it can be terrible; you’re locked up together in that seat, and you can really get to hate one another. Bringing my wife along is the smartest thing I have ever done. It’s really a wonderful life for a husband and wife.” 【 C 】

His wife said: “Usually I drive five hours and he drives five. I drive on the big highways* because it’s easier. He drives in the towns and does the parking. 【 D 】

Their truck with an air-conditioner has a bed behind the driver’s seat. One can sleep in the bed while the other drives. Some trucks even have a television set that the off-duty* driver can watch as the truck drives along the road, but the Hodges’ only entertainment is a radio.

The Hodges are pleased with their work. (4)“The two of us make good money and enjoy the relationship,” Mr. Hodge said.

(Adapted from *The New York Times*)

注: dirty 汚い Arkansas アーカンソー州 (アメリカ中南部の州)
salary 給料 deliver 配達 refrigerated 冷凍された highway 高速道路
off-duty 非番の

問1 下線部(1)の理由として最も適当なものを次の①～④の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① She doesn't have to stay home and can be with her husband.
- ② Her husband is working away from her office.
- ③ She doesn't need to take care of her house.
- ④ She can visit a lot of beautiful places in California.

問2 下線部(2)は何の数を表していますか。最も適当なものを次の①～④の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① the husband-and-wife teams
- ② the big trucks
- ③ truck stops
- ④ the wives

問3 下記の英文が入る最も適当な箇所は、【 A 】～【 D 】のどこですか。次の①～④の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

He says he would like to have a wife in every seat.

- ① 【 A 】
- ② 【 B 】
- ③ 【 C 】
- ④ 【 D 】

問4 下線部(3)の理由として最も適当なものを次の①～④の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① Mr. Hodge doesn't want to work with any person.
- ② Mr. Hodge thinks that his wife is much better than any other man to work with.
- ③ Mr. Hodge thinks that women are very good at driving.
- ④ Mr. Hodge thinks that long-distance drivers can't get along with each other.

問5 下線部(4)の内容として最も適当なものを次の①～④の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① Mr. Hodge's team earns big salary and they have a good time working together.
- ② Mr. Hodge's team is glad to work with many other workers.
- ③ Mr. Hodge's team believes that the best way to get a lot of money is to work for a good company.
- ④ Mr. Hodge's team thinks that getting a good partner is the key to making a lot of money.

問6 本文の内容と一致する英文を次の①～⑦の中から三つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① Mrs. Hodge doesn't like her job because she can't go to a beauty shop.
- ② Mrs. Hodge says that there were not any man-and-wife teams in her company seven years ago.
- ③ Some of the women drivers can drive better than men drivers in the company.
- ④ It is easy for women drivers in the company to work outside when their children are grown up or in college.
- ⑤ It's a long time since Mrs. Hodge began to work, and she is used to driving.
- ⑥ Mrs. Hodge drives on the highway because it is easy for her to do so.
- ⑦ The Hodges' truck has an air conditioner, a bed, and a television set.

Ⅲ 次の問1～問5の日本語の意味を表す英文を完成させる場合、英文中の空所(A)(B)(C)の位置に来るべき語を、それぞれ①～⑨の中から一つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来るべき語も小文字で示してあります。

問1 こんなに寒い冬は初めてです。

We () () () (A) () () () (B)
(C).

- ① a ② such ③ have ④ cold ⑤ like
⑥ known ⑦ winter ⑧ this ⑨ never

問2 トムの英語はあまりにも速くて私は理解できません。

() () () (A) () (B) () (C)
().

- ① for ② understand ③ me ④ is ⑤ fast
⑥ to ⑦ English ⑧ too ⑨ Tom's

問3 運転免許を取るのにどれくらい時間がかかりましたか。

() (A) () (B) () () (C) ()
() driver's license?

- ① long ② you ③ the ④ get ⑤ it
⑥ take ⑦ did ⑧ how ⑨ to

問4 私たちの学校にはあなたたちの学校の約5倍の生徒がいます。

() () (A) () () (B) () ()
(C) as yours.

- ① five ② many ③ has ④ as ⑤ about
⑥ our ⑦ times ⑧ school ⑨ students

問5 あなたがお母さんからもらった靴を私に見せてください。

Please () (A) () () (B) () () (C)
() your mother.

- ① shoes ② by ③ the ④ show ⑤ you
⑥ that ⑦ me ⑧ were ⑨ given

(おわり)